# ISD18B00

# SINGLE-CHIP, SINGLE-MESSAGE VOICE RECORD/PLAYBACK DEVICE

## nuvoton

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#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Nuvoton's ISD18B00 ChipCorder<sup>®</sup> Series is a single-chip single-message record/playback device with a special TryMe feature. It features wide operating voltage range, from 2.4V to 5.5V. Its sampling frequency, ranging from 4kHz to 8kHz, is externally controlled via resistor at Rosc pin. This device also includes microphone amplifier, anti-aliasing filter, multilevel storage array, smoothing filter and speaker amplifier. Two external resistors are used to adjust the microphone amplifier gain for the incoming signal. Thus, a minimum record/playback subsystem can be configured with a microphone, a speaker, several passive components, two push buttons, and a power source.

Recordings are stored into on-chip non-volatile memory, providing zero-power message storage. This unique, single-chip solution is made possible through Nuvoton's patented Multi-Level Storage technology. Voice and audio signals are stored directly into memory in their natural form, providing high-quality, solid-state voice reproduction. The device is automatically power down after each operation cycle with typical standby current 1µA. With the embedded Flash memory employed, data retention up to 100 years and typical 100,000 erase/record cycles can be reached.

#### 2. FEATURES

Supply voltage: 2.4V to 5.5V

User-selected sampling frequency via external resistor

Sampling Frequency	8 kHz	6.4 kHz	5.3 kHz	4 kHz
Rosc	80 KΩ	100 ΚΩ	120 ΚΩ	160 ΚΩ

Variable duration selected by external resistor:

Sampling Frequency	8 kHz	6.4 kHz	5.3 kHz	4 kHz
ISD18B12	6 secs	7.5 secs	9 secs	12 secs
ISD18B24	12 secs	15 secs	18 secs	24 secs

• RECL : Level recording

• RECE: Edge-trigger, toggle on-off

PLAYL : Level playback or looping playback

• PLAYE : Edge-trigger, toggle on-off

• LED output for recording

• LED output for playback

• FT : Feed-through microphone input to speaker outputs

· Microphone amplifier gain: user control via two external resistors

 With feed-through enabled, record microphone signal into memory while feed-through path remains active

Playback takes precedence over the Recording operation

TryMe : TryMe special mode

Package option: die only

Temperature options: 0°C to +50°C

#### 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM

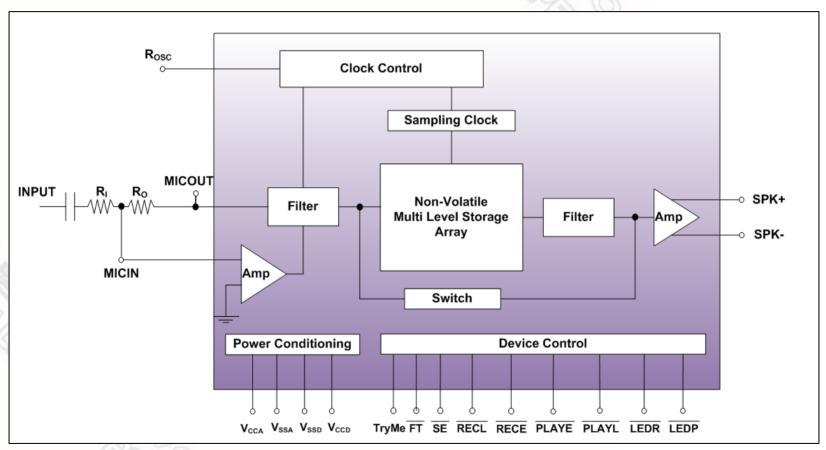


Figure 3-1 Block Diagram



## 4. PAD DESCRIPTION

red Record: Low active input, Level-hold.  red Playback: Low active input, Edge-trigger, toggle on-off.  red Playback: Low active input, Level-hold.  red Record: Low active input, Level-hold.  red Record: Low active input, Edge-trigger, toggle on-off.  red Record: Low active input, Edge-trigger, toggle on-off.  rect  rect  rect  rect  rect  Output: The MICIN transfers input signal to the on-chip amplifier.  rect  Output: Output of the microphone amplifier.
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red Playback: Low active input, Edge-trigger, toggle on-off.  red Playback: Low active input, Level-hold.  red Record: Low active input, Edge-trigger, toggle on-off.  nect nect nect nect nect Coutput: The MICIN transfers input signal to the on-chip amplifier.  nect nect Output: Output of the microphone amplifier.
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Output: Output of the microphone amplifier.
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egative signal of the differential speaker outputs.
und: Ground path for analog circuits.
ositive signal of the differential speaker outputs.
ly: Power supply for analog circuits.
$\mbox{\bf esistor} \colon \mbox{Connect an external resistor from this pin to $V_{SSA}$ to mpling frequency$
gh (FT): Low active input, Level-hold, Feed-through microphone ker outputs while in active state.
nect
nect
: High active input, Level-hold. A special operating mode.
or RECE for normal operations.
or leave unconnected for TryMe mode.
for Playback: During playback, this output is Low.
nect
t: Low active input, Level-hold, optional beeping sound effect.
To activate sound effect during record.
if no sound effect desired.
ly: Power supply for digital circuits.



LEDR O LED output for Recording: During recording, this output is Low.

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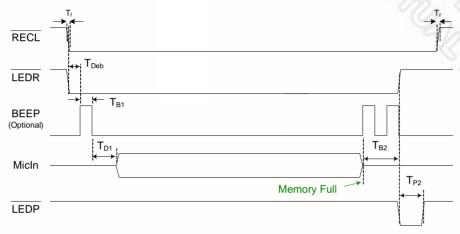
#### 5. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

For the following related operations, if SE is not enabled, then no beep sound is heard. Also, the timing diagrams may not be in direct proportional scale.

#### 5.1. Level-triggered Record (RECL) Operation:

- Recording starts from beginning of the memory and **LEDR** is on.
- Recording ceases whenever RECL returns to High or when end of memory is reached and LEDR is off.
- Then device will automatically power down.

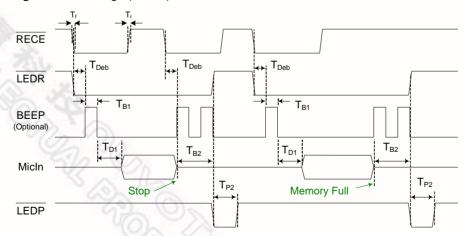
Fig. 1: Record–Level (RECL) function till memory full



#### 5.2. Edge-triggered Record (RECE)Operation:

- Recording starts from beginning of the memory and  $\overline{\textbf{LEDR}}$  is on.
- Recording ceases whenever a subsequent trigger occurs at RECE or when end of memory is reached and LEDR is off.
- Then device will automatically power down.

Fig. 2: Record-Edge (RECE) function with on-off

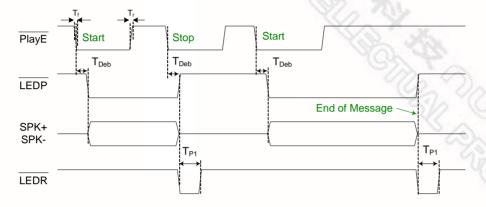




#### 5.3. Edge-triggered playback (PLAYE) Operation:

- Playback starts from beginning of the memory and **LEDP** is on.
- Playback stops whenever end of message or a subsequent trigger occurs and **LEDP** is off.
- Then device will automatically power down.

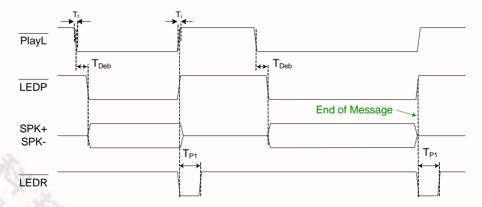
Fig. 3: Playback-Edge (PLAYE) function



#### 5.4. Level- triggered playback (PLAYL )Operation:

- Playback starts from beginning of the memory and **LEDP** is on.
- Playback stops whenever an EOM marker is reached or PLAYL returns to High and LEDP is off.
- Then device will automatically power down.

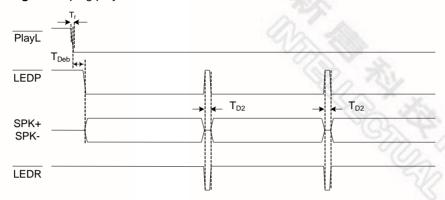
Fig. 4: Playback-Level (PLAYL) function



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Holding PLAYL Low constantly will perform looping playback function.

Fig. 5: Looping playback function via PLAYL



#### 5.5. Sound Effect (SE) Operation:

 Beeping feature for recording. Once active, one-beep indicates the start of recording and two-beep represents the end of recording.

#### 5.6. Microphone amplifier gain

 Two external resistors, R<sub>I</sub> and R<sub>O</sub>, are used to adjust the microphone amplifier gain with respect to the incoming signal.

#### 5.7. Playback (supersedes Record) Operation:

- Playback takes precedence over the Recording operation.
- If either PLAYE or PLAYE is activated during a recording cycle, the recording immediately ceases and playback of the just-recorded message performs accordingly.

#### 5.8. Feed-Through mode Operation:

- As FT is held Low, the input signal from MICIN will directly transmit to the speaker outputs.
- If either RECE is triggered or RECL is held Low simultaneously after FT is enabled, then input signal will be recorded into memory while the Feed-Through mode is still on.
- After FT is enabled, activating either PLAYE or PLAYL will first disable the feed-through path and play the recorded message. Once playback is completed, the feed-through feature resumes.

#### 5.9. LEDR Operation:

- LEDR stays on during recording.
- Also, **LEDR** pulses Low momentarily at the end of playback operation.

#### 5.10. LEDP Operation:

- LEDP stays on during playback.
- Also, LEDP pulses Low momentarily at the end of recording.

#### 5.11. Rosc Operation:

- When the  $R_{OSC}$  varies from 80 K $\Omega$  to 160 K $\Omega$ , the sampling rate changes from 8 kHz to 4 kHz accordingly.
- When R<sub>OSC</sub> resistor value is changed during playback, the tone of a recorded message will alter either faster or slower.

#### 5.12. Speaker Outputs

**SPK+** and **SPK-** are used to drive an  $8\Omega$  speaker differentially. They are tri-state while device is in power down status.

#### 5.13. TryMe Special Operation:

This is a special feature. When TryMe is High, TryMe is active. When TryMe is Low, TryMe is disabled. The enabling and disabling of this feature is merely permitted while the device is in power down status. Once TryMe is set, trigger on either RECL or RECE will initiate the TryMe operation sequence. While active, the device performs a combination of the following 3 operations sequentially: record a new message, automatic playback the just-recorded message once, and then delete the recorded message. Internal pull-up exists.

The details of each operation are described as follows:

- a) Recording:
  - The recording behavior follows the characteristics of the selected record pin, RECL or RECE.
  - While recording, the **LEDR** is on if an LED is connected appropriately.
- Playback:
  - Upon completion of recording, the device automatic plays the just-recorded message once and stops. During this operation, change of state on any control pins is prohibited.
  - While playback, the **LEDP** is on if an LED is connected appropriately.
- Erasure: c)
  - Upon completion of playback, the device will involuntary delete the recorded message. operation, change of state on any control pins is banned.

After completion of this TryMe operation, the device returns to standby state automatically. Once playback operation starts, any input on other controls is illegal.

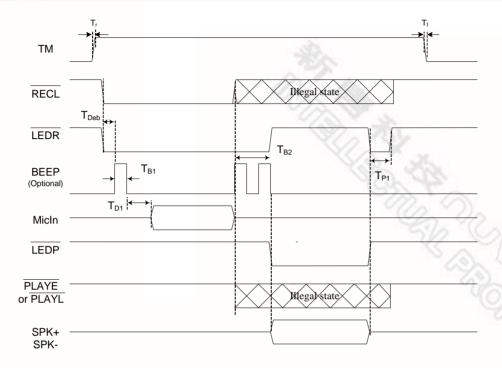
As a summary, the TryMe mode starts in the following conditions:

Pin	TryMe	RECL	RECE
Logic Level	1	0	1
	1	1	0

Under no circumstances, while this special operation is in progress, neither the power is disturbed nor any change of state on other control pins are permitted. Otherwise, it may cause the device THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE becoming malfunction.

Fig 6: TryMe function via (TryMe + RECL)





#### 5.14. Power interruption

• Any power interruption during an operation is **strongly** not recommended. If happened, it may result the device becoming malfunction.

#### 5.15. Power-On to Playback Operation:

• If PLAYE or PLAYL is held at Low during power turns on, the device plays message accordingly with respect to which play control being employed.

#### 5.16. Power-On to Loop Playback Operation:

• If PLAYL is hardwired to ground permanently, once power is on, the device performs looping playback non-stop. This status will sustain unless power is turned off.

#### 5.17. Automatic Playback after Record Operation:

• If LEDP is connected to PLAYE, after a record operation, then the device will automatic play message once, then powers down.



#### 6. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS [1]

CONDITION	VALUE
Junction temperature	150°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage applied to any pins	$(V_{SS} - 0.3V)$ to $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$
Voltage applied to Input pins (current limited to +/-20 mA)	$(V_{SS} - 1.0V)$ to $(V_{CC} + 1.0V)$
Voltage applied to output pins (current limited to +/-20 mA)	$(V_{SS} - 1.0V)$ to $(V_{CC} + 1.0V)$
$V_{CC} - V_{SS}$	-0.3V to +7.0V

Stresses above those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to the absolute maximum ratings may affect device reliability and performance. Functional operation is not implied at these conditions.

#### **6.1 OPERATING CONDITIONS**

#### **OPERATING CONDITIONS**

CONDITION	VALUE
Operating temperature range	0°C to +50°C
Operating voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> ) [1]	+2.4V to +5.5V
Ground voltage (V <sub>SS</sub> ) [2]	0V

 $<sup>^{[1]}</sup>V_{CC}=V_{CCA}\!=V_{CCD}$ 

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 $<sup>^{[2]}</sup>$   $V_{SS} = V_{SSA} = V_{SSD}$ 



#### 7. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 7.1. DC PARAMETERS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN <sup>[2]</sup>	TYP <sup>[1]</sup>	MAX <sup>[2]</sup>	UNITS	CONDITIONS
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		5	0.3xVcc	V	
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7xVcc	1	2 20	V	
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.3xVcc	V	$I_{OL} = 4.0 \text{ mA}^{[3]}$
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	0.7xVcc		11/2	V	$I_{OH} = -1.6 \text{ mA}^{[3]}$
Standby Current	I <sub>STBY</sub>		1	10	μA	[4] [5]
Record Current	I <sub>REC</sub>			15	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V
Playback Current	I <sub>PLAY</sub>			15	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, no speaker load
Pull-up device for RECL, RECE, PLAYE, PLAYL, FT & TryMe pins	R <sub>PU1</sub>		40		kΩ	
Pull-up device for SE	R <sub>PU2</sub>		80		kΩ	
Output Load Impedance	R <sub>EXT</sub>	8			Ω	Speaker load
MIC Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	4		400	mV	Peak-to-peak
MIC Amplifier Gain	A <sub>MicAmp</sub>	0		+34	dB	Depend on RO/RI
Gain from MIC to SP+/SP-	A <sub>MSP</sub>	+12		+46	dB	Depend on RO/RI

#### Notes:

Typical values @ T<sub>A</sub> = 25°, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V and sampling frequency (Fs) at 8 kHz, unless stated.

All Min/Max limits are guaranteed by design, electrical testing and/or characterization. Not all specifications are 100 percent tested.

<sup>[3]</sup> LED output during recording.

 $<sup>^{[4]}</sup>$  V<sub>CCA</sub> and V<sub>CCD</sub> are connected together. Also, V<sub>SSA</sub> and V<sub>SSD</sub> are connected together.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{\text{RECL}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{RECE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{PLAYE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{PLAYL}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{SE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{FT}}$  and  $\overline{\text{TryMe}}$  must be at  $V_{\text{CCD}}$ . External components are biased under a separated power supply.



#### 7.2. AC PARAMETERS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN <sup>[2]</sup>	TYP <sup>[1]</sup>	MAX <sup>[2]</sup>	UNITS	CONDITIONS
Sampling Frequency	Fs	4	150	8	kHz	[3]
Record Duration	T <sub>REC</sub>	6	900	12	sec	Depend on Fs [3]
Playback Duration	T <sub>PLAY</sub>	6	46	12	sec	Depend on Fs [3]
Rising Time	T <sub>r</sub>		100	30,00	nsec	[3]
Falling Time	T <sub>f</sub>		100	1/10	nsec	[3]
Debounce Time	T <sub>Deb</sub>	536k/FS		10	msec	[3] [4]
Beep Duration	T <sub>B1</sub>		512k/FS	3	msec	[3] [4]
Beep-Beep Duration	T <sub>B2</sub>		1536k/FS		msec	[3] [4]
Delay to start recording	T <sub>D1</sub>		1552k/FS		msec	[3] [4]
Delay during looping	T <sub>D2</sub>		1k/FS		msec	[3] [4]
LEDR Pulse Low Time	T <sub>P1</sub>		1024k/FS		msec	[3] [4]
LEDP Pulse Low Time	T <sub>P2</sub>		1280k/FS		msec	[3] [4]

#### Notes:

- Conditions are  $V_{CC}$  = 5.5V and  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless specified.
- All Min/Max limits are guaranteed by design, electrical testing and/or characterization. Not all specifications are 100 percent tested.
- The value changes accordingly to the F<sub>S</sub> applied. Also, the internal oscillator may vary as much as ±10% over the operating temperature and voltage ranges. k=1000



#### 8. TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

The following application examples are for references only. They make no representation or warranty that such applications shall be suitable for the use specified. Each design has to be optimized in its own system for the best performance on voice quality, current consumption, functionalities and etc.

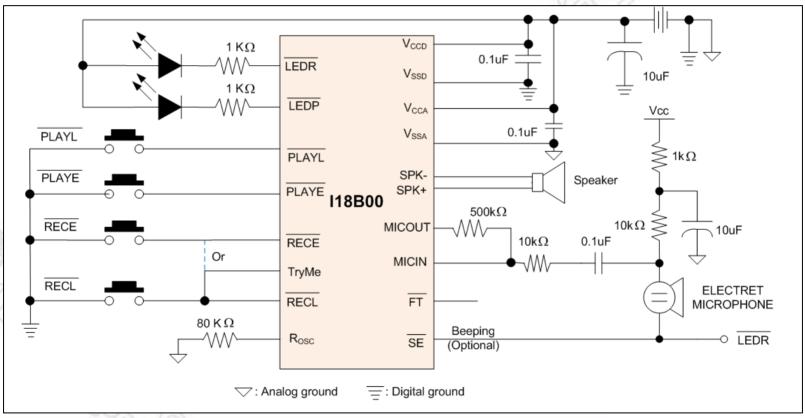


Figure 8-1 Typical Recording and Playback Operations

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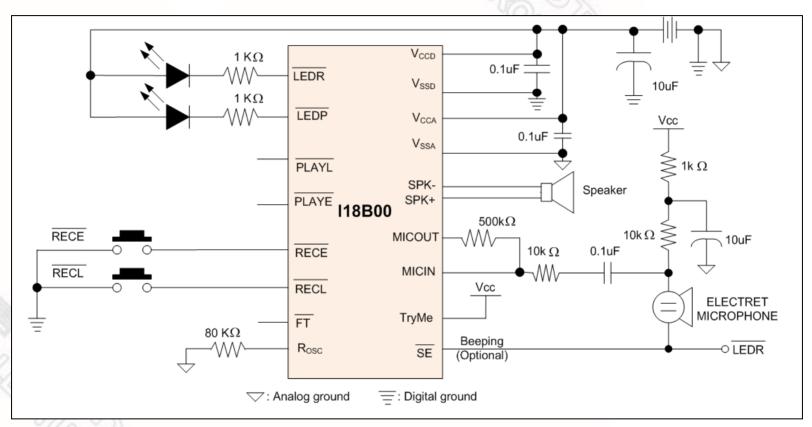


Figure 8-2 TryMe Feature



#### **Good Audio Design Practices**

Nuvoton's ChipCorder are very high-quality single-chip voice recording and playback devices. To ensure the highest quality voice reproduction, it is important that good audio design practices on layout and power supply decoupling are followed. See Application Information links below for details.

#### **Good Audio Design Practices**

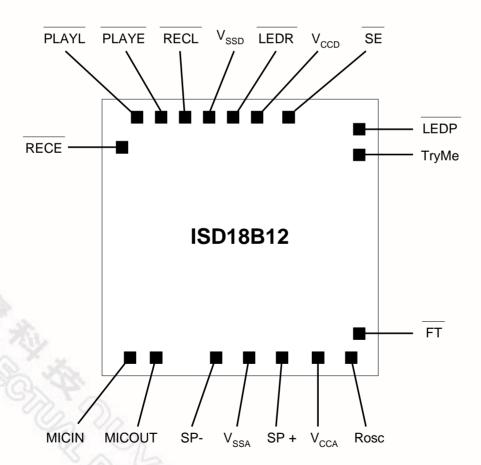
http://www.nuvoton-usa.com/products/isd\_products/chipcorder/applicationinfo/apin11.pdf

#### **Single-Chip Board Layout Diagrams**

http://www.Nuvoton-usa.com/products/isd\_products/chipcorder/applicationinfo/apin12.pdf

It is strongly recommended that before any design or layout project starts, the designer should contact Nuvoton Sales Rep for the most update technical information.

#### 9. DIE INFORMATION

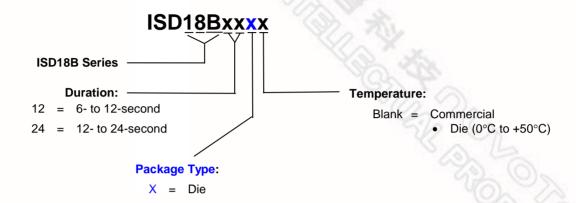


Contact Nuvoton Sales Representatives for information.



#### 10. ORDERING INFORMATION

## **Product Number Descriptor Key**



When ordering, please refer to the following part numbers that are supported in volume for this product series. Consult the local Nuvoton Sales Representative or Distributor for availability information.

Package	Part Number	Ordering Number	Comments
Die	ISD18B12X	I18B12X	
Die	ISD18B24X	I18B24X	

For the latest product information, access Nuvoton's worldwide website at <a href="http://www.Nuvoton-usa.com">http://www.Nuvoton-usa.com</a>



## 11. VERSION HISTORY

VERSION	DATE	DESCRIPTION	
0.5	Oct 2, 2008	Generalize for different derivatives.	
1.0	Sep 05, 2013	Description update.	

Publication Release Date: Sep 05, 2013 Revision 1.0

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Information contained in this ISD<sup>®</sup> ChipCorder<sup>®</sup> datasheet supersedes all data for the ISD ChipCorder products published by ISD<sup>®</sup> prior to August, 1998.

This datasheet and any future addendum to this datasheet is(are) the complete and controlling ISD® ChipCorder® product specifications. In the event any inconsistencies exist between the information in this and other product documentation, or in the event that other product documentation contains information in addition to the information in this, the information contained herein supersedes and governs such other information in its entirety. This datasheet is subject to change without notice.

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